

21.—Appeals in Indictable and Summary Conviction Cases, by Provinces, 1950

Province or Court	INDICTABLE OFFENCES											
	Appeals Disposed of by Courts	Crown Appeal					Appeal of Accused					
		From Acquittal			From Sentence		From Conviction				From Sentence	
		Dis-missed	New Trial	Con- viction	Dis-missed	Varied	Dis-missed	Ac- quitted	New Trial	Sub- stituted Verdict	Dis-missed	Varied
No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
Nfld.....	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
P.E.I.....	12	—	—	2	—	—	8	—	2	—	—	—
N.S.....	11	—	1	5	—	—	1	2	1	1	—	—
N.B.....	60	2	—	—	2	2	27	12	2	4	8	1
Que.....	291	4	—	—	2	12	164	46	8	—	3	52
Ont.....	59	1	—	—	—	—	8	1	8	1	25	15
Man.....	31	1	—	—	—	—	11	4	2	—	7	6
Sask.....	184	3	—	1	—	3	44	14	9	—	70	40
Alta.....	243	7	—	—	6	4	94	23	17	4	40	48
B.C.....												
Supreme Court of Canada...	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	—	—	—
Totals....	895	18	1	8	10	21	357	104	51	10	153	162

Province	SUMMARY CONVICTION CASES									
	Appeals Disposed of by Courts	Appeal of Informant				Appeal of Accused				
		From Acquittal		From Sentence		From Conviction			From Sentence	
		Dis-missed	Con- viction	Dis-missed	Varied	Dis-missed	Ac- quitted	Sub- stituted Verdict	Dis-missed	Varied
No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
Nfld.....	15	—	—	—	1	9	3	1	—	1
P.E.I.....	138	2	15	—	2	80	27	8	4	—
N.S.....	20	1	6	—	—	11	2	—	—	—
Que.....	66	—	—	6	—	31	18	3	3	5
Ont.....	336	12	9	2	—	180	95	18	13	7
Man.....	10	—	—	—	1	3	1	4	—	1
Sask.....	23	—	1	—	—	9	9	1	—	3
Alta.....	72	4	3	—	—	33	17	3	3	9
B.C.....	67	3	5	1	1	18	29	6	2	2
Totals.....	747	22	39	9	5	374	201	44	25	28

Section 3.—Juvenile Delinquents

The Juvenile Delinquents Act defines a child as "any boy or girl apparently or actually under the age of 16 years" Provision is made, however, by which the Governor General in Council may proclaim that, in a province the definition of a child be a "person under the age of 18 years". This has been done in British Columbia, Alberta, Manitoba and Quebec. For uniformity the figures relating to juveniles compiled by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics refer to the younger ages of under 16 years only and deal primarily with cases disposed of by the courts.

In 1950 the practice was abandoned of dividing delinquencies into major and minor offences. This division has always been arbitrary and open to question depending on the standards of behaviour in different communities, as a minor delinquency in one locality may be judged a major delinquency in another.